

Parallelize Filesystem Check for Exascale Storage

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What is filesystem check?



- The system utility **fsck** (*file system consistency check*) is a tool for checking the consistency of a <u>file system</u> in <u>Unix</u> and <u>Unix-like</u> operating systems(Wiki)
- ➤ Online
- Lustre Ifsck, ZFS/btrfs scrub
- Offline
- extN e2fsck, btrfs check, xfs_repair...

Why we need filesystem check?



- Useful for both developers and administrators
- Run fsck after every testing to make sure bug free(Lustre tests, xfstest)
- Regular healthy check
- Scrub running every few weeks
- e2fsck recommended every 20 mount.
- ► Repair, isolate errors to make system available
- Repair inconsistency, Ifsck could fix Lustre MDT file owners differ with OST owners.
- e2fsck fix wrong quota accouting..
- badblock due to hardware problems..
- Fsck is a must to restore service or isolate errors..

Lustre ext4 based filesystem and its challenge?



► Single HDD could be 16TiB



➤ One Lustre OST could be more than 1PiB with LUN System

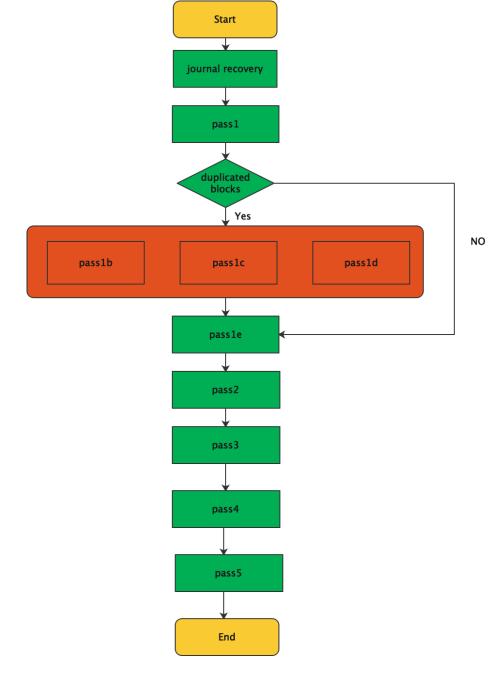
But one time check could take more than 5 hours



- Nightmare because maintenance usually take during night or weekends
- Scale it for next 5 or 10 years?
- Gurantee scalability for future extentions.

e2fsck process

- Pass1
- inode, xattr, extents
- Pass1[b-d](optional)
- Fix duplicated blocks errors
- Pass1e
- Rebuild extents if necessary
- Pass2
- Check directory
- Pass3
- Check full path for each directory
- Pass4
- Check full path for regular files
- Pass5
- Check block/inode bitmaps

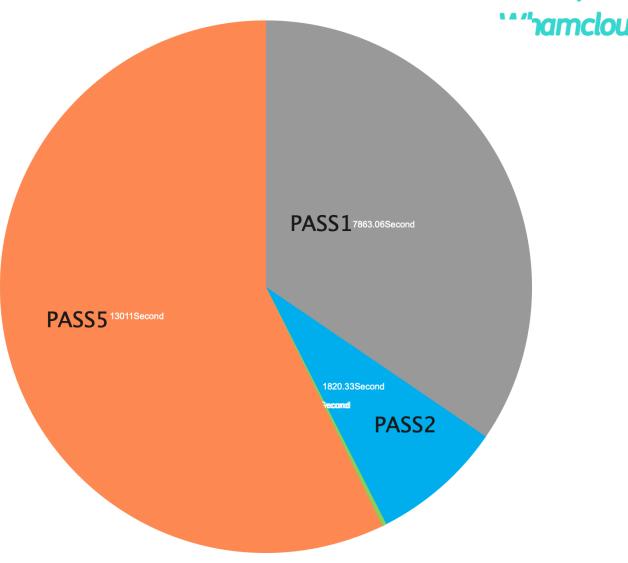




e2fsck Runtime

""hamcloud

- Configurations
- 8 CPU cores, 150GB RAM, 1 x IB-HDR100
- 1 x DDN AI400, 162 x 10TB NL-SAS HDD.
 DCR (declustering raid) POOL for 1.2P
 OST
- 400 M 0-byte files on single 1.2 PiB OST
- e2fsck -fn -v -tt /dev/sdr
- Conclusions
- Total 6.3 hours to finish!
- PASS5 took 3.6 hours(~57%) PASS1 took2.2 hours(~35%)



Need to improve Pass1 Step



- Pass1 takes more than 35% of the e2fsck time
- ► Why Pass1 is slow
- Walk through the entire inode table
- On each inode
- a. Read and check the inode atributes(IO Bound)
- b. Check the blocks used by each inode(IO bound)
- c. A lot of inserting and searching of data structures (CPU bound)
- ► How to improve
- Readahead for inodes(continuous inside the same block group)
- Fortunately, the check of each inode is almost independente
- Different threads can check diferente inodes in parallel

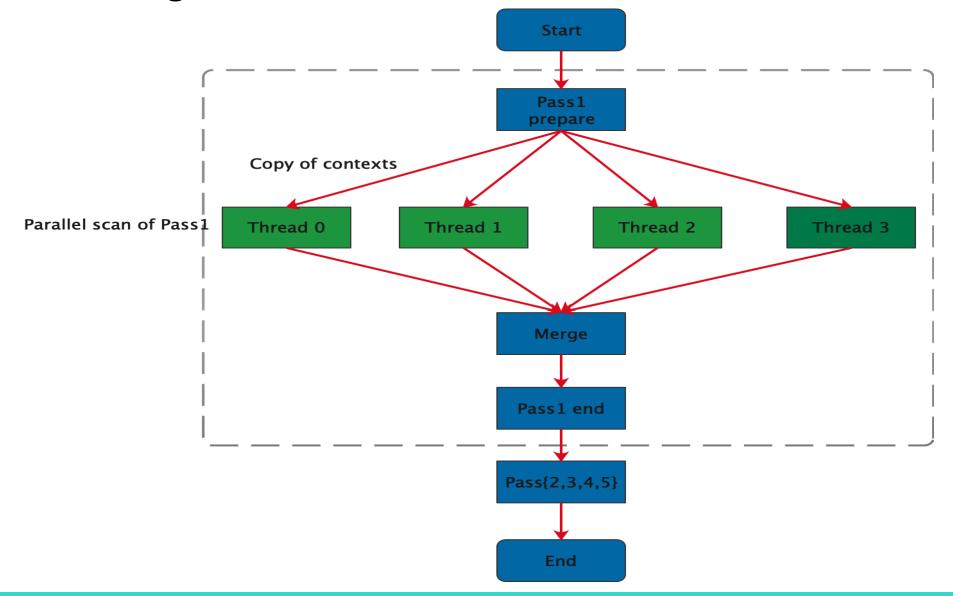
Challenges and Solutions



- The result of Pass1 will be used by Pass2/3/4/5 too
- Share inode_{used,dir,reg,bb,imagic}_map etc, use global locks to serialize operations
- Separate per thread, but merge them to globally after threads finish.
- > Synchronization will be needed between threads
- 99% of fsck is READ only operations(this need be parallel)
- Fix operation need be serialized.
- Some operations like create resize inode could not be parallel.
- Correctness is very hard to confirm
- Wrong e2fsck would cause/escalate data corruptions
- Need to pass all existed regression test of e2fsprogs
- Run single/multiple threads test on same corrupted fs and compare results.
- Large OST(PiB Size) performance testing and Strict review

Pass1 Design





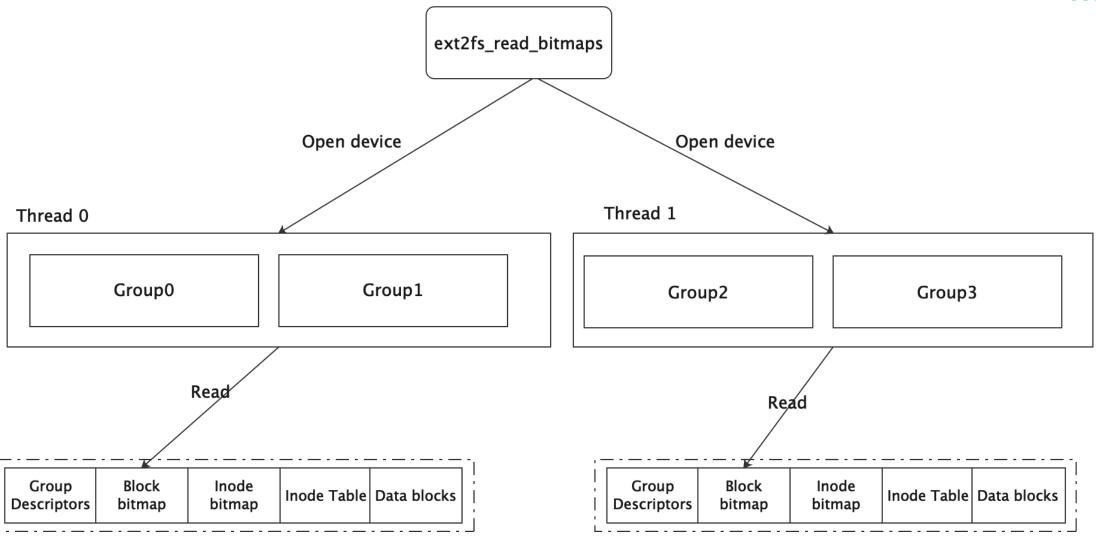
Need to improve Pass5 Step



- ► Pass1 takes more than 57% of the e2fsck time
- ► Why Pass5 is slow?
- Load all inode and block bitmaps(small IO 99.5% of total time)
- Verify inode/block bitmaps and checksum
- Expand inode size if needed
- Improve Pass5
- Parallel ext2fs function ext2fs_read_bitmaps()
- Much simpler than pass1 as this is READ only operation.
- Parallel other checking in the future(TODO)

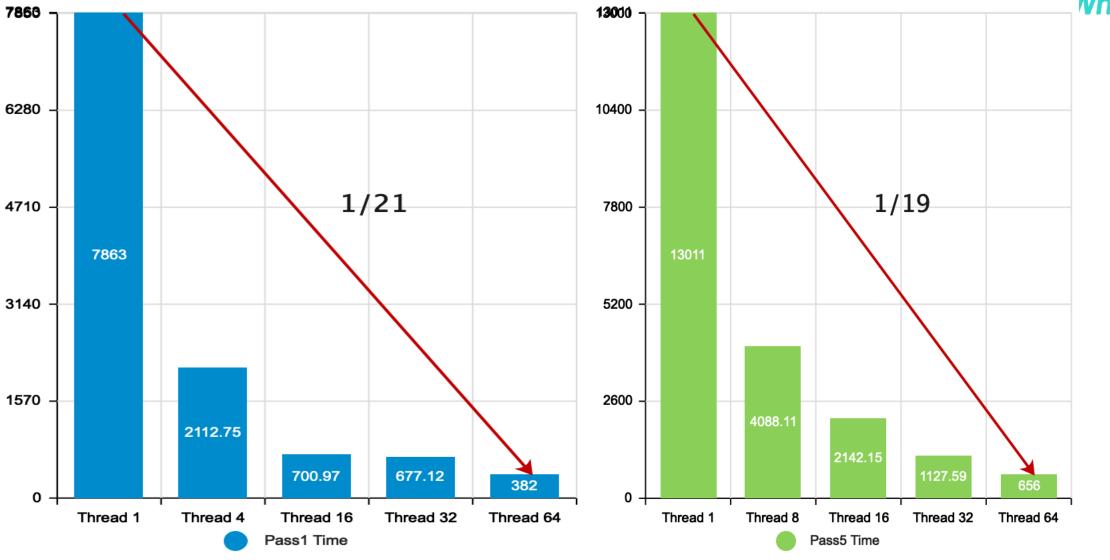
Pass5 Design





Benchmarking for improvements

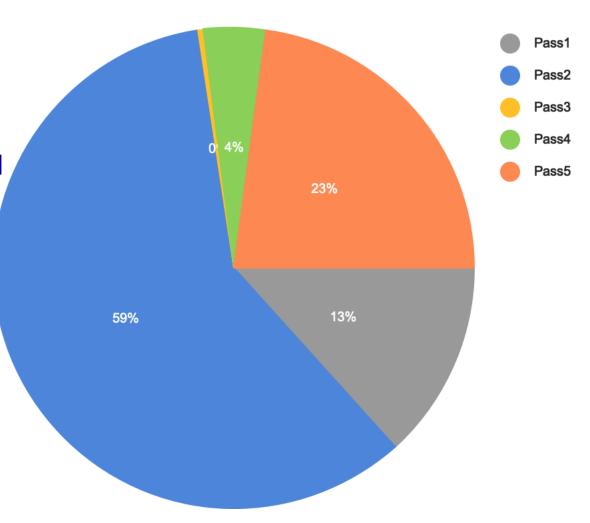




Benchmarking for improvements



- ► About 40 minutes now
- Total time is 1/14 of original single thread
- Pass2 cost ~24 minutes(59%)
- Once multiple thread for Pass2 is done total time will be less than 20 minutes for PiB fs



Current Status



- > 50+ patches pushed on both Lustre gerrit and linux ext4 community
- https://review.whamcloud.com/#/c/39874/
- ► Acceptable fsck time now for PiB OST with minimum engineering efforts
- Speed up ~8X times, from 22792.64 seconds to 2914.98 seconds
- ► Testing make sure reasonable stability
- Stability should be most important for fsck
- Default behavior for fsck is still single thread
- Pass all existed testing and dozens of times corruption testing.

Future Work



- ► More Speed up is possible in the future
- Pass2 is still single thread, important for big MDT device.
- Better load balance policy, dynamical thread pool.
- Need verify total memory usage with number OSTs fsck running.
- pfsck itself cost little memory
- Even single thread fsck memory cost could be challenging for the large OST.
- large scale testing on NVME device is missing
- Much faster even single thread
- Different challenges VS HDD based



Thank You!

